Soil and Groundwater Sampling Opportunities at the Savannah River Site Presentation to NABIR Principal Investigators by Miles Denham, Savannah River Technology Center



- 300 square miles
- 515 "waste sites"
- about 3,100 wells



Geology and Groundwater

- SRS located on Atlantic Coastal Plain
 - typical coastal plain geology
 - interbedded sands and clayey sands separated by clay-rich beds
 - minor carbonate strata
- Vadose zone thickness varies from 0-40 m
- Shallow groundwater flow influenced by local streams

Thin-section Photomicrograph of Typical SRS Sediment



2 mm

| Types of Waste Units with Contaminants of Interest | | | | | | |
|---|---------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Туре | Contaminants | Chemistry | | | | |
| Process Basins | U,Pu,Tc,Cr,Hg | Low pH, high NO ₃ - | | | | |
| Process Landfills | U,Pu,Tc,Cr,Hg | Variable, not extreme | | | | |
| Reactor Basins | U,Pu,Tc | Variable, not extreme | | | | |
| Coal Piles | U,Cr,Hg | Low pH, high SO ₄ , high Fe | | | | |
| 2 Wetland Areas | U | Similar to background | | | | |

Chromium Caveat

- Little, if any, of the known chromium is hexavalent
- 400 groundwater analyses for Cr(VI) since 1995

– none significantly above quantification limits

• Some isolated poorly characterized spills of chromate water

| Number of Waste Units with | | | | |
|---|-----------------|--|--|--|
| Contaminants of Interest | | | | |
| Contaminant | Number of Sites | | | |
| U | 13 | | | |
| Pu | 7 | | | |
| Tc* | 9 | | | |
| Cr | 13 | | | |
| Hg | 11 | | | |
| * based on presence of other fission products | | | | |

Groundwater Contamination

| | <u>Site</u> | <u>Type</u> | Max | <u>Chemistry</u> |
|---------|-------------|--------------------------|------------|---------------------------|
| U | FSB | Process Seepage Basin | 1120 pCi/L | Low pH, high nitrate |
| Pu-238* | HSB | Process Seepage Basin | 13 pCi/L | Low pH, high nitrate |
| Tc | FSL | Process Sewer Line | 1020 pCi/L | Low pH, high nitrate |
| Cr | ABRP | Process Landfill | 231 ug/L | Bgnd pH, sulfate minor |
| Hg | FSB | Process Seepage Basin | 24 ug/L | Low pH, high nitrate |

* -- very few wells have concentrations above detection limits

Soil Sampling Methods



- Hollow stem auger
- Mud rotary
- Sonic drilling
- Direct push

Potential Sampling Opportunities

- F-Area Seepage Basin well installations
 soil samples
- Numerous archived soil cores available
- Unscheduled sampling often occurs in summer months
- Groundwater monitoring wells sampled regularly

– many in 3rd quarter of calendar year

Contact Information

- SRTC has provided samples to numerous researchers
- Contact:

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