SUSTAINABLE BERKELEY LAB Water Conservation Activities

Presentation to the Community Advisory Group John Elliott, Chief Sustainability Officer September 2014



Better Buildings

Build high-value buildings that support science, target efficiency, and minimize fossil fuel use

Building Tune-Up

Deploy a multi-year, financed program for deep energy use reduction

Green Grid

Access renewable power, supporting a smart grid for greater penetration of renewables

Water

Respond to drought conditions and meet a 20% reduction in potable water use by 2020

EV Readiness

Enable staff EV charging and prepare for a transition to an electricity-based transportation system

Employee Engagement

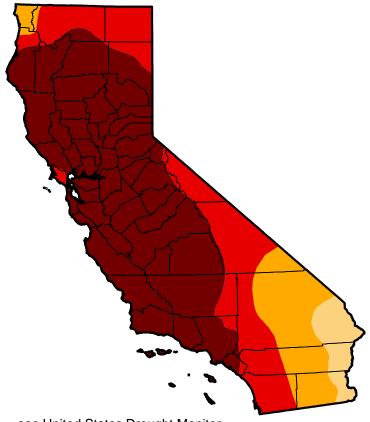
Engage staff to institutionalize practices that reduce footprint and enhance morale

Material Sustainability

Encourage use of renewable, reusable, less hazardous, and less energy-intensive materials and equipment



Drivers for water conservation activities



see United States Drought Monitor http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/Home/State DroughtMonitor.aspx?CA

- Exceptional California Drought
- Federal / DOE Goal
 - Reduce potable water use intensity (gal/gsf) 26%
 from FY2007 to FY2020
- UC President Napolitano Letter and Goal
 - By 2020, reduce potable water use 20% (per capita)
- EBMUD now mandatory restrictions



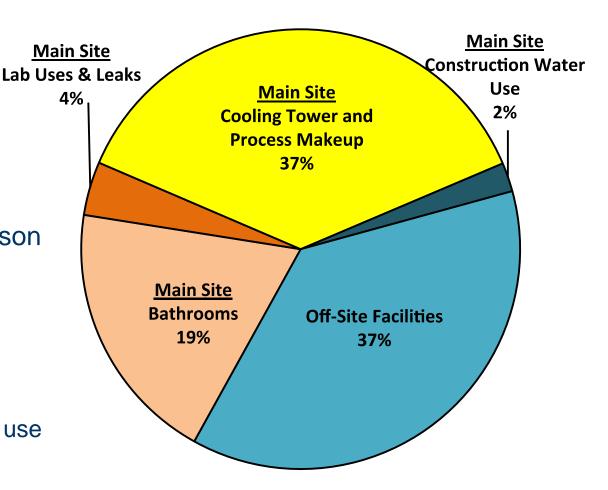
Berkeley Lab Water Use

67 MG/yr
 Total LBNL water use (FY13)

43 MG/yr
 Main site water use
 ~64% of total

44 gpd
 Total water use per person

150 gpd
 70-500 gpd
 Typical and range
 EMBUD household water use



Berkeley Lab Water Action Plan

Institutionalize less water waste

- 1. Improve Communication
- 2. Improve Site-Wide Metering
- 3. Eliminate Regular Irrigation Watering
- 4. Implement Fixture Retrofits
- 5. Identify Water Waste
- 6. Deploy Cooling Tower Monitoring and Management
- 7. Increase Awareness



Progress to Date

- Established water conservation website (March 2014)
- Confirmed no automated ongoing irrigation watering (March 2014)
- Ran TABL articles about water conservation and reporting leaks (March 2014)

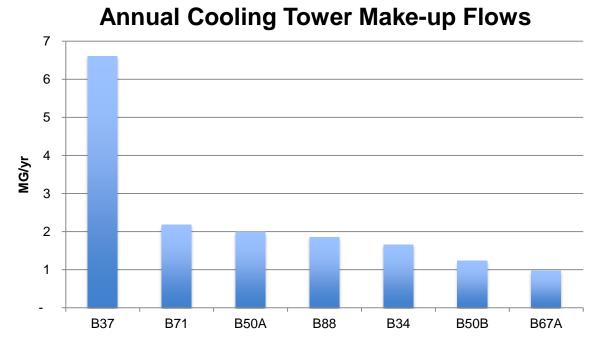


- Conducted bathroom fixture inventory with volunteers (April 2014)
- Placed "leak reporting" stickers in all main-site bathrooms (April 2014)
- Met with UC Berkeley to establish process to better manage site-wide metering data (May 2014)
- Facilities completed faucet aerator retrofits on main site (June 2014)
- Purchased equipment to monitor 12 MG of water use at four sets of cooling towers, installation in progress (September 2014)



Cooling tower metering and management

- Focus on biggest, actionable water use
- Meter and monitor make-up and blow down
- Projects phased over the next few years
- Implementing pilot at B37, B71, B50A, B50B (12 MG/yr)



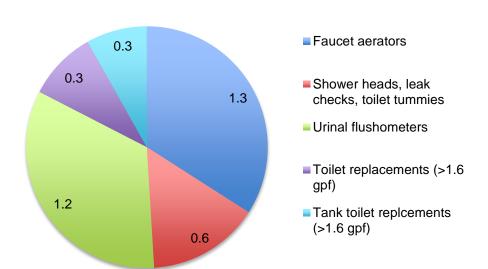
- Monitor 16.5 MG/yr
- 90% of main site cooling tower flow
- 25% of total water use38% of total main site use



Bathroom fixture replacements

- Based on fixture inventory, replacing:
 - faucet aerators, shower heads
 - urinal flushometer diaphragms, toilets
- Phased over 4 years

Annual Water Savings (MG/yr)



- Savings estimated at 3.7 MG/yr
- 5.5% total water use8.5% main site water use



Saving Electricity Saves Water

300 gal/MWh

Conservative estimate of upstream water use associated with on-site electricity use

~ 0 gal/MWh

Water use associated with negawatts (energy efficiency) and most on-site renewables



Next Steps

Continue implementation of Action Plan

- Assess efficacy and savings from cooling tower pilot results, expand metering as appropriate
- Implement bathroom fixture retrofits at urinals
- Monitor and manage CRT water use



Contact



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